# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Before the SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 Release No. 76574 / December 7, 2015

**ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING**File No. 3-16987

In the Matter of

**KEFEI WANG** 

Respondent.

ORDER INSTITUTING CEASE-AND-DESIST PROCEEDINGS, PURSUANT TO SECTION 21C OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, MAKING FINDINGS, AND IMPOSING REMEDIAL SANCTIONS AND A CEASE-AND-DESIST ORDER

I.

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") deems it appropriate and in the public interest that cease-and-desist proceedings be, and hereby are, instituted pursuant to 21C of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") against Kefei Wang ("Respondent").

II.

In anticipation of the institution of these proceedings, Respondent has submitted an Offer of Settlement (the "Offer") which the Commission has determined to accept. Solely for the purpose of these proceedings and any other proceedings brought by or on behalf of the Commission, or to which the Commission is a party, and without admitting or denying the findings herein, except as to the Commission's jurisdiction over him and the subject matter of these proceedings, which are admitted, and except as provided herein in Section V, Respondent consents to the entry of this Order Instituting Cease-and-Desist Proceedings, Pursuant to Section 21C of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Making Findings, and Imposing Remedial Sanctions and a Cease-and-Desist Order ("Order"), as set forth below.

### III.

On the basis of this Order and Respondent's Offer, the Commission finds<sup>1</sup> that:

## Summary

1. Respondent violated Section 15(a)(1) of the Exchange Act by acting as an unregistered broker-dealer in connection with his representation of clients who were seeking U.S. residency through the Immigrant Investor Program. Respondent helped effect certain individuals' securities purchases in an EB-5 Regional Center. Respondent received a commission from that Regional Center for each investment he facilitated.

## Respondent

2. Kefei Wang, age 39, is a resident of China. During the relevant time period, he was a U.S. resident and an owner of Nautilus Global Capital, LLC, a now defunct entity that was based in Fremont, California.

## **Background**

- 3. The United States Congress created the Immigrant Investor Program, also known as "EB-5," in 1990 to stimulate the U.S. economy through job creation and capital investment by foreign investors. The Program offers EB-5 visas to individuals who invest \$1 million in a new commercial enterprise that creates or preserves at least 10 full-time jobs for qualifying U.S. workers (or \$500,000 in an enterprise located in a rural area or an area of high unemployment). A certain number of EB-5 visas are set aside for investors in approved Regional Centers. A Regional Center is defined as "any economic unit, public or private, which is involved with the promotion of economic growth, including increased export sales, improved regional productivity, job creation, and increased domestic capital investment." 8 C.F.R. § 204.6(e) (2015).
- 4. Typical Regional Center investment vehicles are offered as limited partnership interests. The partnership interests are securities, usually offered pursuant to one or more exemptions from the registration requirements of the U.S. securities laws. The Regional Centers are often managed by a person or entity which acts as a general partner of the limited partnership. The Regional Centers, the investment vehicles, and the managers are collectively referred to herein as "EB-5 Investment Offerers."
- 5. Various EB-5 Investment Offerers paid commissions to anyone who successfully sold limited partnership interests to new investors.

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The findings herein are made pursuant to Respondent's Offer of Settlement and are not binding on any other person or entity in this or any other proceeding.

# Respondent Received Commissions for His Clients' EB-5 Investments

- 6. From at least January 2010 through May 2014, Respondent received a portion of commissions from one EB-5 Investment Offerer totaling \$40,000. The commissions constituted his portion of the commissions that were paid pursuant to a written Agency Agreement between Nautilus Global Capital and the EB-5 Investment Offerer. On one or more occasions the commission was paid to a foreign bank account identified by the Respondent despite the fact that the Respondent was U.S.-based during the relevant time period.
- 7. Respondent performed activities necessary to effectuate the transaction, including recommending the specific EB-5 Investment Offerer referenced in paragraph 6 to his clients; acting as a liaison between the EB-5 Investment Offerer and the investors; and facilitating the transfer and/or documentation of investment funds to the EB-5 Investment Offerer. Respondent received his portion of transaction-based commissions due to Nautilus Global Capital for its services from that EB-5 Investment Offerer.
- 8. As a result of the conduct described above, Respondent violated Section 15(a)(1) of the Exchange Act which makes it unlawful for any broker or dealer which is either a person other than a natural person or a natural person not associated with a broker or dealer to make use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce "to effect any transactions in, or to induce or attempt to induce the purchase or sale of, any security" unless such broker or dealer is registered in accordance with Section 15(b) of the Exchange Act.

### IV.

In view of the foregoing, the Commission deems it appropriate to impose the sanctions agreed to in Respondent Kefei Wang's Offer.

Accordingly, pursuant to Section 21C of the Exchange Act, it is hereby ORDERED that:

- A. Respondent shall cease and desist from committing or causing any violations and any future violations of Section 15(a)(1) of the Exchange Act.
- B. Respondent shall, within ten (10) days of the entry of this Order, pay disgorgement of \$40,000, prejudgment interest of \$1,590, and a civil money penalty of \$25,000 to the Securities and Exchange Commission for transfer to the general fund of the United States Treasury in accordance with Exchange Act Section 21F(g)(3). If timely payment of disgorgement and prejudgment interest is not made, additional interest shall accrue pursuant to SEC Rule of Practice 600 [17 C.F.R. § 201.600]. If timely payment of the civil money penalty is not made, additional interest shall accrue pursuant to 31 U.S.C. § 3717. Payment must be made in one of the following ways:
  - (1) Respondent may transmit payment electronically to the Commission, which will provide detailed ACH transfer/Fedwire instructions upon request;

- (2) Respondent may make direct payment from a bank account via Pay.gov through the SEC website at <a href="http://www.sec.gov/about/offices/ofm.htm">http://www.sec.gov/about/offices/ofm.htm</a>; or
- (3) Respondent may pay by certified check, bank cashier's check, or United States postal money order, made payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission and hand-delivered or mailed to:

Enterprise Services Center Accounts Receivable Branch HQ Bldg., Room 181, AMZ-341 6500 South MacArthur Boulevard Oklahoma City, OK 73169

Payments by check or money order must be accompanied by a cover letter identifying Kefei Wang as a Respondent in these proceedings, and the file number of these proceedings; a copy of the cover letter and check or money order must be sent to Stephen L. Cohen, Associate Director, Division of Enforcement, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F St., NE, Washington, DC 20549-5553.

V.

It is further Ordered that, solely for purposes of exceptions to discharge set forth in Section 523 of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. § 523, the findings in this Order are true and admitted by Respondent, and further, any debt for disgorgement, prejudgment interest, civil penalty or other amounts due by Respondent under this Order or any other judgment, order, consent order, decree or settlement agreement entered in connection with this proceeding, is a debt for the violation by Respondent of the federal securities laws or any regulation or order issued under such laws, as set forth in Section 523(a)(19) of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(19).

By the Commission.

Brent J. Fields Secretary